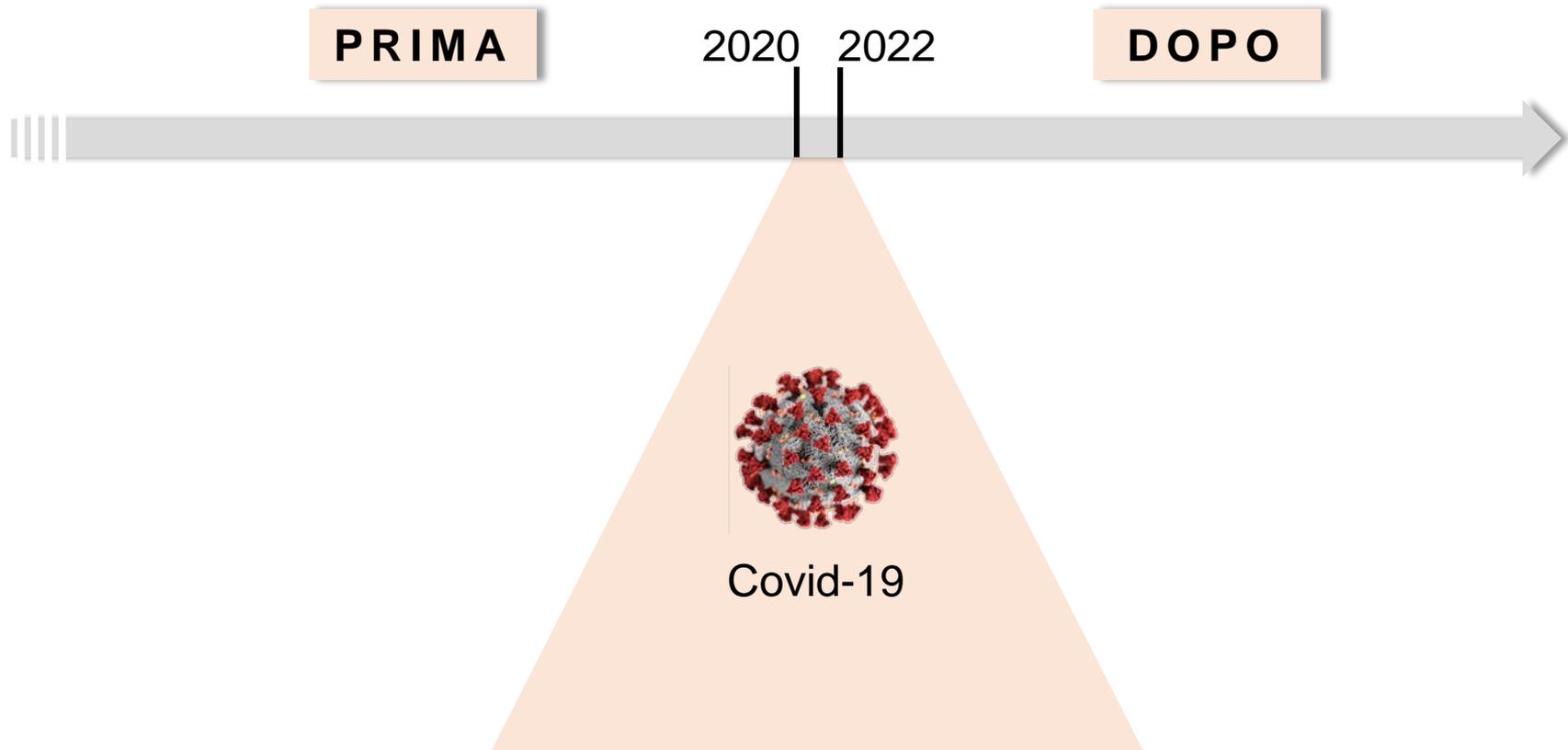


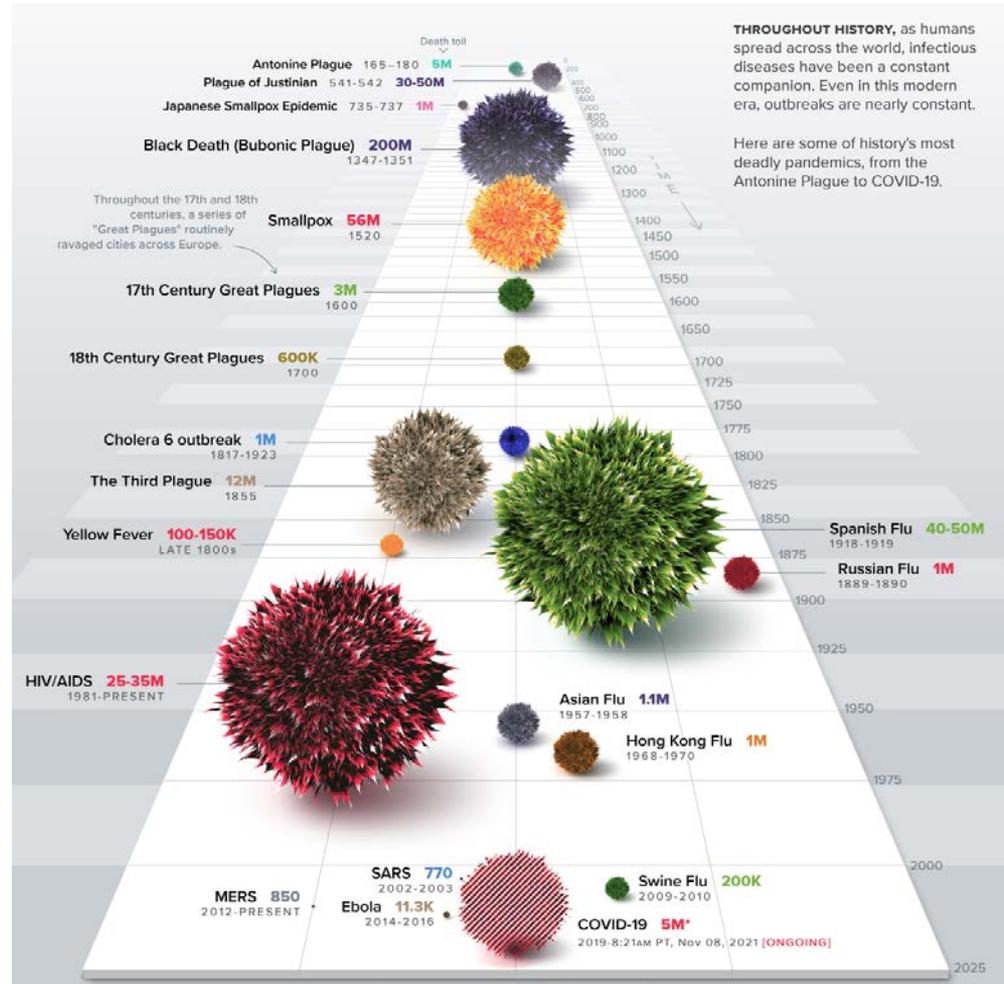
La scienza e le minacce, presenti e future

Davide Robbiani

Istituto di Ricerca in Biomedicina (IRB)



Epidemie e pandemie del passato



Source: visual capitalist

La spagnola e il covid

1918

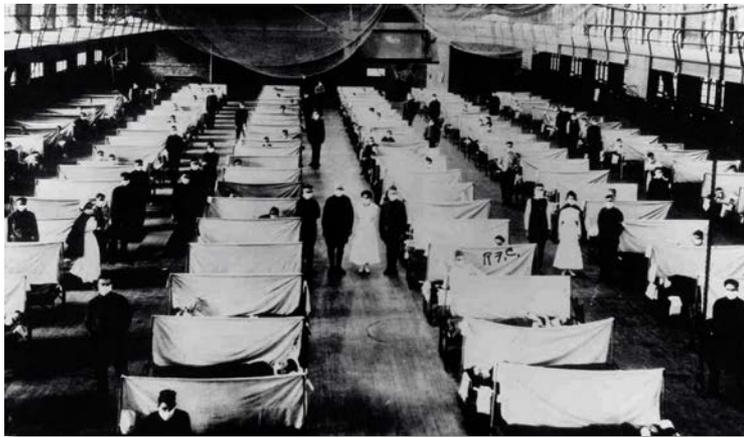


<https://www.neh.gov/article/last-pandemic>

2020



<https://www.npr.org/sections/coronavirus-live-updates/2020/05/23/861478616/under-legal-pressure-new-york-relaxes-restrictions-on-more-gatherings?t=1636888630214>



<https://www.history.com/topics/middle-ages/pandemics-timeline>



> 10 anni per scoprire la causa

< 30 giorni per ottenere la sequenza completa del coronavirus

Epidemie negli ultimi 20 anni



Megank and Baric, Nature Medicine 2021



Source: nih.gov



La 'malattia X'



2018: *“Disease X represents the knowledge that a serious international epidemic could be caused by a pathogen currently unknown to cause human disease.”*

Forze che favoriscono l'emergenza e disseminazione di nuove malattie infettive:

- Cambiamenti climatici e degli ecosistemi
- Aumento dell'urbanizzazione
- Facilità e rapidità degli spostamenti

La 'malattia X'

La domanda non è a sapere se ci saranno
altre epidemie,
bensì quando, dove e quali ne saranno le cause.

Arriva la 'malattia X'

The New York Times

OPINION

We Knew Disease X Was Coming. It's Here Now.

We need to stop what drives mass epidemics rather than just respond to individual diseases.

Feb. 27, 2020



Ricerca COVID negli Istituti di Bellinzona



Istituto di
Ricerca in
Biomedicina

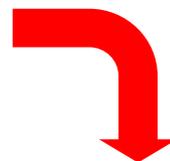


Istituto
Oncologico di
Ricerca

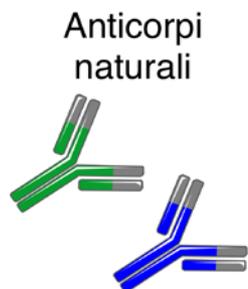


Ricerca COVID negli Istituti di Bellinzona

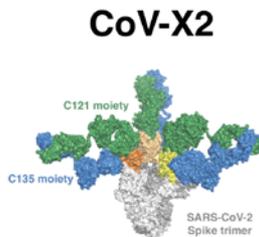
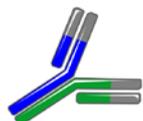
Ricerca di base
= ricerca per capire



Ricerca applicata
= ricerca per curare



Anticorpo bispecifico



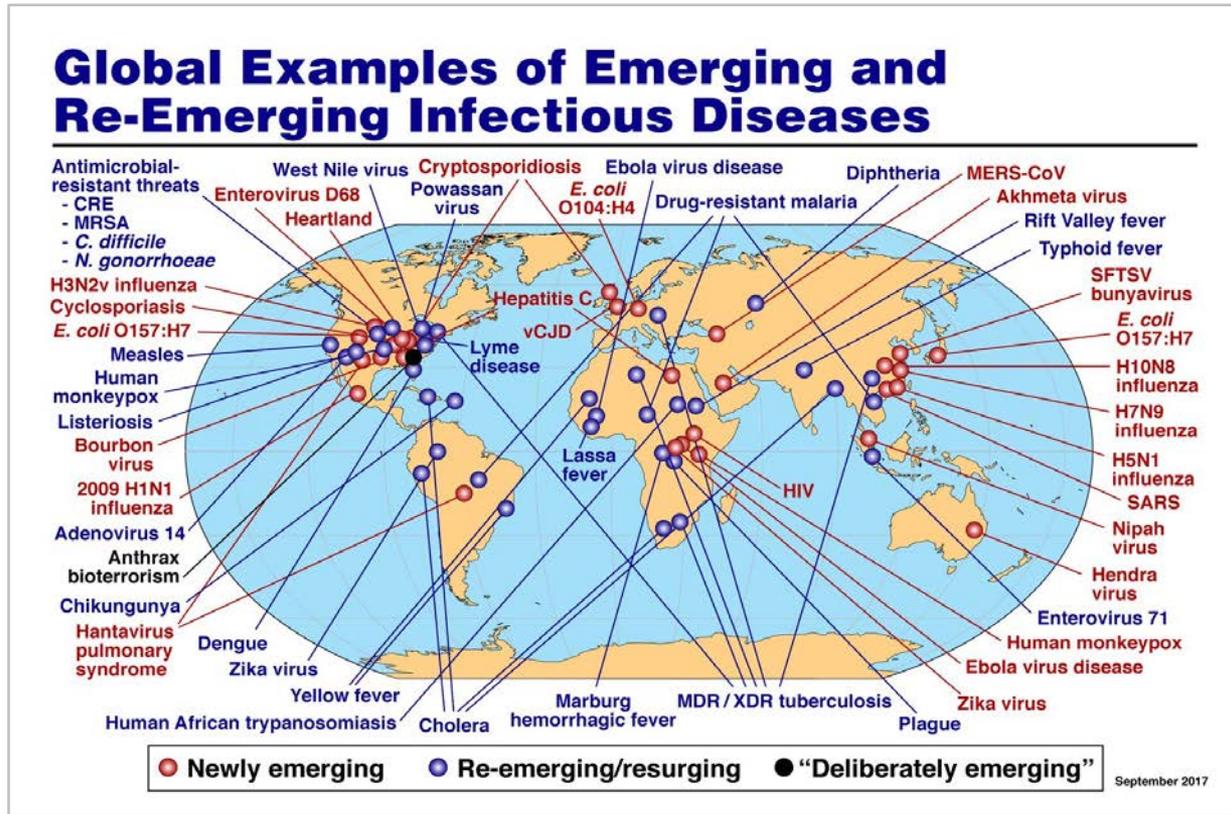
coronavirus
varianti

Two red arrows pointing from the 'coronavirus varianti' text towards the clinical trials illustration.

Test clinici di fase 1 in Ticino
(Istituto Oncologico
della Svizzera italiana)

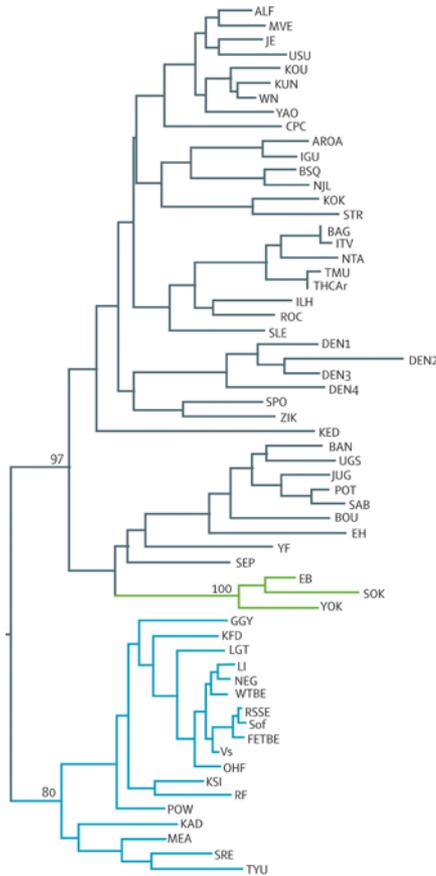


Guardando avanti: minacce attuali e future



Source: NIH/NIAID

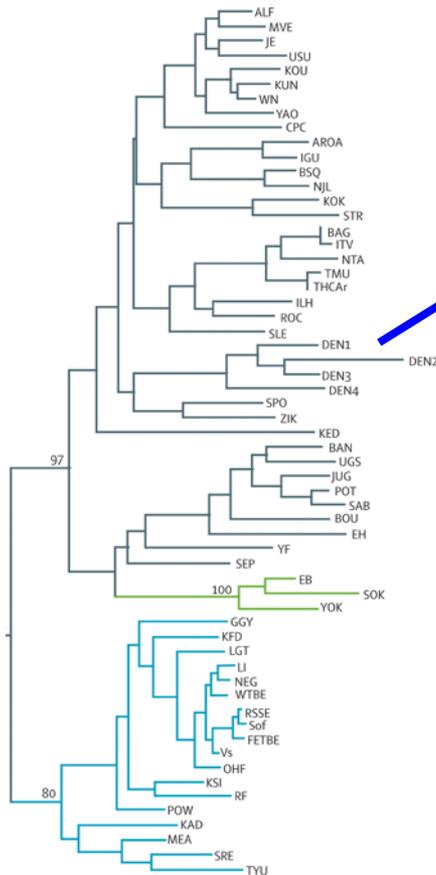
Esempio di minaccia: i 31 Flavivirus



Gould et al, The Lancet 2008

- emorragie
- encefaliti
- malattie congenite
- letale

Esempio di minaccia: i 31 Flavivirus



Dengue

- 4 mia persone esposte
- 490 mio di infezioni
- 2.5 mio severe

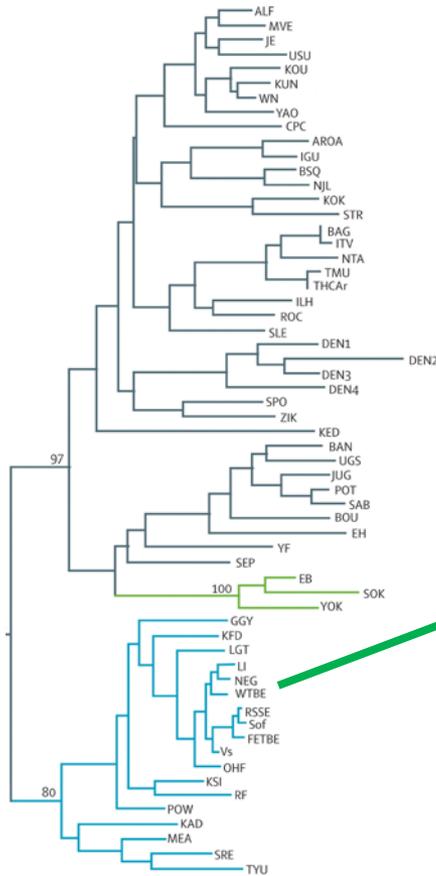


Aedes mosquitoes



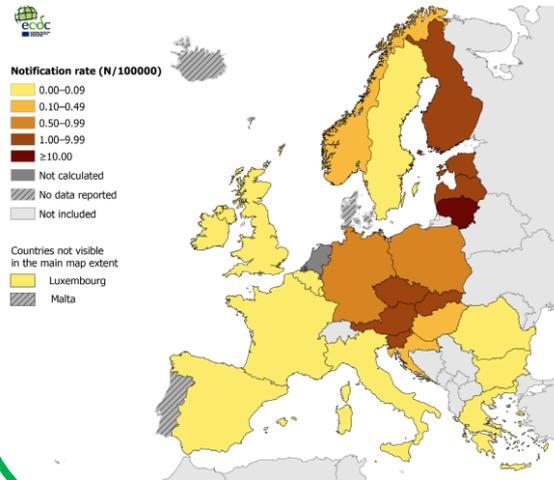
Source: WHO

Esempio di minaccia: i 31 Flavivirus



Encefalite da zecca

- >15,000
- anche in CH

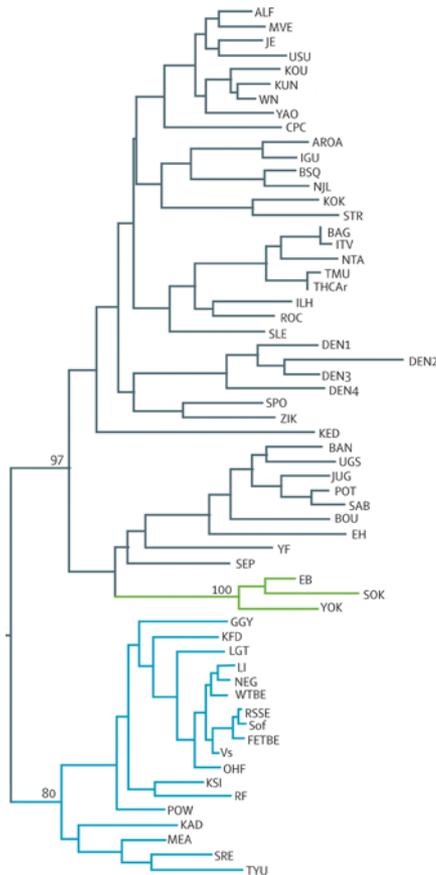


Source: ECDC



Ixodes ticks

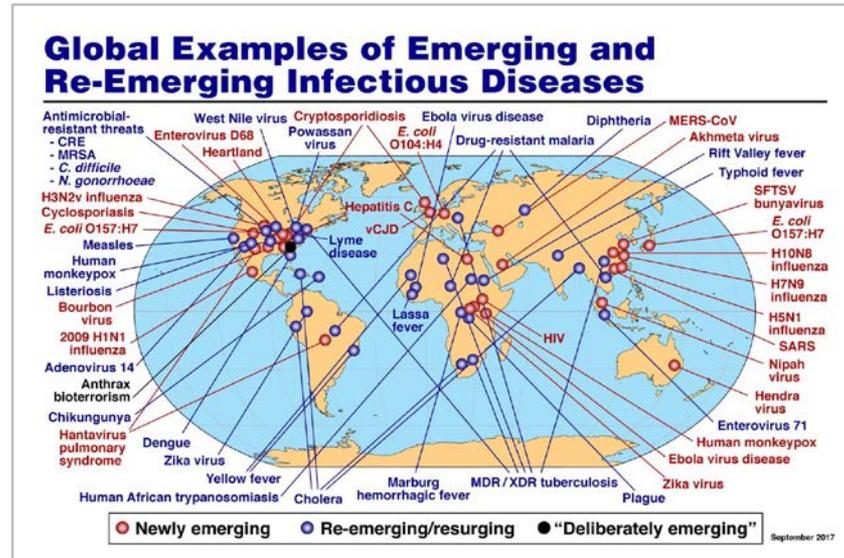
Esempio di minaccia: i 31 Flavivirus



Gould et al, The Lancet 2008

- 31 Flavivirus, ma solo contro 4 esistono vaccini
- Nessuna terapia specifica

Guardando avanti: anticipare la prossime epidemie



Imperativo prepararsi, poiché la prossima 'malattia X' potrebbe apparire in qualsiasi momento.

Un problema da affrontare insieme



**Sostegno da fondi di ricerca competitivi (nazionali e internazionali),
E da parte di privati, famiglie, e Fondazioni.**

Thank you!

